

英语(一) 参考答案

第一部分:

1—5 BACAA

6—10 CBCAC

11—15 ACBBC

16—20 ABCAC

第二部分:

21—25 BCBAD

26—30 AABDD

31—35 CBCCD

36—40 BCDAB

41—45 DACDA

46—50 BCDAB

51—55 CDBAC

第三部分:

56—60 BCDAD

61—65 ABCBB

66—70 CDCBA

71—75 ABCAD

第四部分:

第一节:

76. free 77. Convenience 78. childhood 79. accompany 80. enrich

81. experience 82. cares 83. serving 84. Instead 85. happiness

第二节:

One possible version:

Dear Maria,

Have you heard of the recent report that some girls were kidnapped and killed? It was terrible and has brought great sorrow to the families. Girls, especially when they are alone, are easy to follow and rob. Here I offer you some tips on how to defend yourself.

Firstly, when you meet with a stranger who tries to accost you, ignore him or her. Secondly, you'd better stay indoors during the night. And if you have to go out, ask someone to accompany you. What's more, never share a taxi with a strange man, which is very dangerous. Finally, when you notice that you are followed, pretend to be calling to your family or your friend.

As I know, your house is far from school. You can take the bus with your classmates or ask your father to drive you to school. May you be safe and happy every day!

Yours,

Li hua

【参考答案解析】

21. B 考查交际英语。语境告诉我们:听话者对玛利亚第三次驾驶考试没过关感到意外,遗憾和吃惊。故选择 B。而 Take it easy 不要急;别担心;I knew it already 我已经知道了;It doesn't matter 没关系。均不符合语境语意。
22. C 考查定语从句。句意:“你在里面卖饮料的那家超市是我们镇上最大的超市。”这里的定语从句与先行词存在动状关系,所以选择 C。
23. B 考查动词辨析。preserve 保存、保护;deserve 值得,应受到,应得到;observe 观察,注意到;reserve 预定,储备。句意:“他们不应该得到那么高的分数。”根据句意,我们选择 B。
24. A 考查情态动词。从语境中我们得知,这里是指那起车祸本来可以避免的,符合句型句型 could have (been) done, 故选择 A。
25. D 考查状语从句的连词。与前面句子构成因果关系,即因为明天我要去看她了,所以不用给玛丽发短信了。
26. A 考查动词短语。come to an end 结束;put an end (to) 把……结束;(be) at an end 结束;at the end 在……末端。根据句子结构这里必须是动词短语,而且是不及物,所以只能选择 A。
27. A 考查非谓语动词。这里是非谓语短语做定语,relay event 与 schedule 是被动关系,故排除 B、C;而 D (being scheduled) 表示正在安排,不符合语境。因此,我们选择 A。句意:“中国游泳超级运动员孙杨将不参加定于周一晚上举行的男子 4x200 米自由泳接力”。他的教练说道。
28. B 考查短语辨析。句意:“我爸爸第一次让我妈妈坐飞机,以便她能及时参加我在英国的婚礼。”the first time 因连接句子;at the first time 和 for first time 都是错误短语。故选择 B。for the first time 修饰 got my mother onto a plane,做状语。
29. D 考查名词辨析。reality 真实,现实;necessity 必要性;ability 能力;probability 很可能。句意:“科学家们说,很有可能找到一颗与地球很相似的行星。”所以,本题答案是 D。
30. D 考查虚拟语气。表示与过去已经发生的事实相反的假设,语意含有被动,故 would have been done 符合语意。
31. C 考查时态辨析。从状语 for more than ten years,我们可以断定四个选项中,只能用现在完成(进行)时,故选择答案 C。

32. B 考查形容词辨析。句意:“— 赛车运动就是这样一个竞争激烈的行业。— 是的,一旦你落后了,再追上几乎就是不可能的了。”从下文的“once you fall behind it's almost impossible to catch up.”我们得知,只有 competitive 才符合语境。而不是 advanced(高级的);powerful(强有力的);particular(特别的)。
33. C 考查倒装句。对方因为那家餐馆食物和服务差而再也不愿意去了,“我”也是。这里是指将来,而且是否定,故选择 B。
34. C 考查副词辨析。根据句意,我们知道:他悄悄地有意地朝着他以往的座位走去,我在注视着他。所以,我们选择 deliberately。有学生会选择 A,但是这里的 timely 是形容词,“及时”的意思,不符合语法。occasionally 偶尔地;frequently 频繁地均不符合语义。
35. D 考查交际英语。对方邀请你和他今晚一起去赏月,四个答案中只有 Why not? 为什么不呢? 去就去! 表示同意别人的邀请。而 That's all right. 没什么;不客气;That's right. 你是对的;My pleasure. 不客气;均不符合语境语义,所以选择 D。
36. B 考查副词辨析。由上文可知,作者的姑妈得了老年痴呆症。根据全文语境可知,她一开始不跟作者交流。可以确定此处应选 coldly,她“冷漠地(coldly)”盯着眼前的空间。
37. C 考查动词辨析。作者渴望与姑妈交流,“摸摸(take)”她的手,可是她却惊恐地挣脱。
38. D 考查名词辨析。受到姑妈的如此冷遇,作者产生了强烈的“失落(loss)”感。
39. A 考查名词辨析。由下文可知,作者小时候经常去找姑妈喝茶,这对作者来说是一段非常美好的日子。great times 的意思是“美好的日子”。
40. B 考查动词辨析。由上下文语境可知,作者与姑妈感情深厚,她小时候很“喜欢(loved)”去拜访姑妈。
41. D 考查形容词辨析。在第二段作者讲了姑妈用茶安慰她的小故事。又由“the healing power of tea”可知,作者的姑妈“坚信(firm belief)”茶具有治疗的作用(此处指调理心情)。
42. A 考查动词短语辨析。一个下雪的傍晚,作者流着泪“来到(arrived at)”了姑妈家。作者在情感方面遇到了挫折。
43. C 考查动词辨析。姑妈“拂去(brushed)”作者头上的雪花。
44. D 考查动词辨析。由上文“in tears over a broken relationship”可知,作者坐下来,“擦拭(wiped)”着眼泪。
45. A 考查动词辨析。水壶烧水时发出的鸣叫声听起来像一首歌,使作者沉重的心情“平静(calm)”了下来。
46. B 考查形容词辨析。第二段的回忆应该是“很久以前(long-ago)”的事情了,故选 B 项。
47. C 考查连词辨析。根据第一段内容可知,作者想知道“是否(whether)”还能再次和姑妈交流。
48. D 考查动词辨析。作者“想起(remembered)”刚才路过厨房去姑妈房间的时候。
49. A 考查动词辨析。作者“看见(seeing)”灶上有一个古老的茶壶。
50. B 考查名词辨析。作者应该是得到了疗养院工作人员的“允许(permission)”,才能进入厨房。
51. C 考查动词辨析。作者把茶壶、茶杯和调味品“摆放(arrange)”在托盘上。
52. D 考查名词辨析。由下一句“Her eyes widened with a look of pleased surprise”可知,姑妈的“表情(expression)”发生了变化。
53. B 考查介词辨析。姑妈终于认出了作者,她拉住作者的手欢快地跟作者说话。reach for“伸手去拿”,此处表示“姑妈伸手拉住作者的手”。
54. A 考查名词辨析。由第二段可知,作者和姑妈从前都是在“厨房(kitchen)”里喝茶。现在她们仿佛又回到了那里。
55. C 考查动词辨析。作者“认识到(realized)”她和姑妈之间的联系是不会断开的。
56. B 考查词语指代。这里的“it”指的是前面提到的闪闪发光的宝石(stone),故选择答案 B。
57. C 细节理解题。纵观全文,只有 C 符合故事发展的线索。
58. D 推理判断题。这个农夫之所以卖掉自己的农场,是因为他太贪心,不能够知足常乐,而是想拥有更多不属于自己的东西。所以,我们选择 D。
59. A 推理判断题。这个寓言告诉我们,人要做到“知足常乐”,不要贪得无厌,否则到头来追悔莫及。故选择 A。而 B 是“闪光的未必都是金子”;C 是“留得青山在不怕没柴烧”;D 是“有志者事竟成”。
60. D 细节理解题。我们从第二自然段开头就能看出答案是 D。
61. A 词义理解题。结合历史和课文,我们知道,在华盛顿成为总统之前,美国一直受到英国的殖民统治,美国人越来越受到英国(the mother country)的剥削与限制。慢慢的两国之间的争议和矛盾尖锐化。所以,这里的“the mother country”指的是 Britain。
62. B 细节理解题。从第四自然段我们得知:自 1775 年,华盛顿带领部队打了六年的战争,战争结束后的第八年他当选总统。因此,他当选总统应该是 1789 年。
63. C 细节理解题。文章最后一段告诉我们,1799 年他在退休不到三年就去世了,因此,他应该是在 1796 年退休的。故 C 是错误的。

64. B 推理判断题。由第一段最后一句话可推测出,问一个 10 年没碰过电脑的人是为了显示知识和学习的力量,即重要性。
65. B 细节理解题。由第二段可知,除了 B 选项未提到外,A、C、D 都是学习的优点。
66. C 细节理解题。由第四、五、六段可知,并结合常识,当你学习某些东西时,应该先设定目标,然后克服心理障碍,选择课程,加入培训班。故选择答案 C。
67. A 主旨大意题。由第四段可知是作者列出的一系列学习障碍,第五段主要是针对这些问题给出了解决的方法,故选择 A。
68. D 推理判断题。我们从下文中能看出,大学一年级学生刚离开父母,要独立生活,但他们无所适从。A 与事实相反;B、C 文中没有依据。因此,推断出答案是 D。
69. C 细节理解题。在第二段我们能看出:作者是从 finances, dormitory life and planning, 三个方面来阐述大一新生面临的问题。并没有 C。
70. B 主旨大意题。本段主要是想告诉我们:大一新生要搞好人际关系,就要学会如何与他人相处。故选择 B。A 是以偏概全;C、D 是主观臆断。
71. A 细节理解题。由文章第一段中“Huang Duoke, 18, a freshman at Hubei University of Economics,”可知,答案是 A。
72. B 推理判断题。从第一自然段科学家就发现,最好的抗衰老技术可能就是站起来,别“坐以待毙”,因此只有 B 符合研究结果。
73. C 细节理解题。在第二自然段第一句话我们能看出:染色体末端的保护帽即端粒缩短会导致早衰、疾病甚至早逝,而不是长寿,故选择 C。
74. A 细节理解题。从第一自然段最后一句话“...and say that lifespan is linked to their length.”我们得知答案是 A。
75. D 推理判断题。A 与第三自然段第一句话不符;B 与第三段最后一句话相反;C 与第四自然段最后一句话内容相反。故选择 D。这也符合本文的中心:最好的抗衰老技术可能就是站起来,别“坐以待毙”。

【听力材料原文】

Text 1

M: What do you think of the film we saw last night?

W: Well, I don't like it at all, but my sister said it was a fantastic one and we would go and see it again.

Text 2

M: Can I still get breakfast in the dining-hall?

W: Yes, sir. If you hurry you can just make it — breakfast is served until 10:30, and there are twenty minutes left.

Text 3

W: Have you changed your major from Agriculture to English?

M: No. In fact, I'm leaning English to help myself with my computer course.

Text 4

M: How did you enjoy your holiday during the National Day?

W: I wish I had never gone travelling.

Text 5

M: Are you going to be in Shanghai for a few days?

W: Yes, until the end of next week.

M: Well, I have invited some friends home for dinner tomorrow, and I'd like you to join us.

W: Thank you. I'm delighted to come.

Text 6

M: It's 12:30. I'm very hungry. Let's go out for the lunch.

W: You have a big appetite. I'm still full from breakfast and you are already talking about lunch!

M: That's the difference between men and women. What would you like? Chinese food, Western food, or some fast food?

W: Let me take you to a Chinese fast food place. It has a lot to choose from.

M: Like what?

W: Sliced noodles, hand-pulled noodles, dumplings, fried dumplings, meat pies, fried noodles, and fried rice.

M: OK, OK! Let's go out for lunch, honey!

W: Haha! Makes your mouth water?

Text 7

M: Oh, will you tell me when I get Zhongshan Road, please?
W: It's only three stops from here. I'll tell you when we get there, it's my stop, too.
M: Thank you. That's very kind of you.
W: Don't mention it. Do you see those traffic lights ahead? We'll turn left when we get to them. Zhongshan Road is the next stop after that. Why do you want to get off there?
M: I want to go to the new Technical College.
W: Oh? You won't find it easily if you go down there alone. I'll show you where it is.
M: Thank you very much. But I don't want to put you to any trouble.
W: Oh, it is no trouble at all. I have to go past there anyway. We are almost there now. Hurry up, or we will miss the stop.
Now, let's get off.
M: All right.

Text 8

W: Hello! This is Beihai Hotel.
M: Hello! This is Tom Smith. I'd like 3 rooms for 4 nights.
W: Yeah. 4 nights. Double room or single?
M: Single please. And I will check in on December 19. Could you please send a car to pick us up at the airport?
W: No problem. Flight number, please?
M: FR 637. Take-off is at 11:50. It might take up 4 hours to arrive at the airport.
W: Yes, sir. Let me check it. 3 rooms 4 nights. From the 19th on. A car needed. Is that right?
M: And Tom Smith. Thanks.
W: Have a nice journey. See you!

Text 9

W: Hello, this is Mary. My friend Kate suggested I call you. Her son Tom is taking your guitar lessons.
M: Right. Will the lessons be for yourself or your child?
W: For myself.
M: Fine. Have you ever studied music before?
W: Well, five years ago I studied the piano.
M: Good.
W: How much do the lessons cost?
M: We have a small group that meets on Wednesday evenings for two hours, which costs \$15 an hour. Then on Thursdays, I give private lessons which cost \$30 an hour.
W: OK. I can come on Wednesdays.

Text 10

M: Ladies and gentlemen, may I have your attention please? First of all, I welcome you to the City Zoo. Now I'd like to explain the programme we've arranged for you here this afternoon. There'll be three animal shows. The first show will begin at 3:00. You'll certainly be fascinated by the dolphins' and the killer whales' funny and sometimes silly-actions. After that comes the second show. This is the monkey feeding at 4:00 in the primate centre. Please don't feed the animals any sweets, biscuits or fruits, because these can upset the animals' normal diet. You can, of course, assist the staff in feeding the monkeys with specially prepared food, and by playing with the monkeys, too. The last show will begin at 4:30 in the bird cage. Dr Taylor will be with you as your guide. He'll point out more than 300 species of birds from South America to you. If you have any questions about these shows or other events at the zoo, please ask at the information desk at the main entrance. That's all. Thank you for listening!